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## 9. RECOVERED PROPERTY




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NATAL
REFER TO: • H-DO
MAIL. STOP: 881 . $\quad$ -
May 9, 1978
Officer Gibe Valdez
New Mexico State Police
Post Office Box 212
Dulce, New Mexico 87528
Dear Gable:
Examination is now complete on the tissue samples from the recent incident at Dolce. Microscopic and bacteriologic studies were performed on three specimens consisting of heart muscle, skeletal muscle, and a bone fragment.

FILINGS
(1) I!zari Muscle: No microscopic changes of pathological significance ware found. (2) _ bone Fragment: loo microscopic changes of sic:ificance were found.
(3) Skeletal Muscle: Rod-shaped bacteria infiltrating connective tissue between mascle fibers were seen. Muscle fibers also contained occasional Sarcosporidia cysts. (4) Bacteriology: A specimen obtained from a heart chamber was cultured and shown to contain a rod-shaped organism identified as Clostridium species. Definitive classfication was not made.

## INTFMPRETATION

No definite conclusion can be drawn from the observation of bacterial infiltration of muscle since the infiltration could be postmortem. The demonstration of clostridium in the heart chambers similarly cannot be definitively ascribed as pathological because of the potential for contamination. While the findings are not inconsistent with a diagnosis of infection, the possibility of contamination prevents the conclusion that infection was the cause of death. The observation of Sarcosporidia cysts is not remarkable and could be seen in most beef animals from this region on careful examination

I doubt that you will find these observations helpful in your investigation because the bacteriological examination is inconclusive. However, we will support you in any way we can, and you are welcome to visit our laboratory to discuss your findings at your convenience. The offer for instrumentation support also remains open. If we can be of further assistance, please call. Warm personal regards.


Donald F. Petersen
DEP: ES
Alternate Health Division Leader

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FEWEST POWHITTEE ON ETHICS

# 2fnitè Sifatcs Senate 

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

December 21, 1978

The Honorable Griffin B. Bell Attorney General Department of Justice



Dear H工. Attorney General:


During the past several years, ranchers throughout the West including my hone state of New Mexico, have been victimized by a series cf cattle mutilations. As a result, these ranchers have as a group and individually suffered serious economic losses.

These mystexion: killings have beer the subject of at least two articles in national publications, copies of which are enclosed. Mr. Ccekburn's article in the December 1975 issue of Esquire states that there had been a federal investigation into this matter, out it was dropped. Mr. Cockburn implies the investigation may have been terminated because cattle mutilation per se is not a federal offense.

While an individual cattle mutilation may not be a federal offense, $y$ ar very concerned at what appears to be a continued pattern of an organized interstate criminal activity. Therefore, I am requesting that the Justice Department reexamine its jurisdiction in this area with respect to the possible reopening of this investigation.

Enclosed are copies of my files on this subject. While awaiting what will hopefully be a favorable reply, I shall continue to gather materials that could be of help in such an investigation. If you need further information in studying this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me.


TO: Seretor, Foh ryian

FROM:

SUETECT: Steft mutilation, Janwary 29, 1ㅋ․ , Tox:ance Cowty, wif .

Sergeant o'Dejl of the Jorrante Courty shexiff's Jeparment califd tie Albunucrofe offise early in the afternocn of Jonaiay $29,197 \%$ to report that he had Eiseovered the first reported cattle zutilation in Torrance Coutty, zri GHEted irfozzation on whon he should report it to. 5FDOY called O'Dell ert was cold the folloring:

In resjonse to a telcphene call fron samuel N. Einji, 0'Sell arrived at a locaition near the viljege of Euran, tif, et approxinateiy 11 a.t. on Jatuagy 29, 2979. ESt fowid ins carcass of a six Fonth oid steer that hat agparencly ketn zesentiy mutilated. o' Dell said the carcess was still warm enough to Eflt the $5 \pi 0$ aroma it. $0^{\prime}$ Dell incicated that he had been follewing news reports of jrevious mutilations in pio arribn County gie believed that the Iozrance Courty mutiletion wes tiee "freshest" ever discovered. Ee ealled because he thousht it rould le kelpful for investigators to fave a fresh Futio Iation to enemine and suiject to tests.

O'Dell said tha stefr's s=rotumend penis fat ben remerestith surgical precisten -- a fezture cemon to ell previous zutilations -- and indicaset that fatches of hair arowd tho earcass seered to inficate that the steer hat been irogzte or bpuneed $==$ enother Eeature cozon to gli previous mutilations. The steer's intestimes hiad bren reavued through the boie there the scrotur had been cut out, but vete not disturiod. O'Dell telt that an animal would have gone directly to the intestires. The stefris tongie wes not removej as in previous futilations, but the insices of the ears appeared to have been "beveled" out with a sharp instrument.

O'Dell notified the state Giتe and Fish Drpartaent, the State Folice Crime
 Lib appartntly notifiei State Police Officer Gake valdez of Chaza, the officer who has investigates rost of the putilations ever the fost 13 months. In the interim, the Livestock zoand repored the carcass apd aprarently froze it. Valdez later tontacted the Forrance County Shariff ane vas to luve gone to Toryance County on Januart 30 investigate.

[^1]Memorandum
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Philip B．Heymann
FROM M＊＊Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
Crime on IndiartReservations；
Mutilation of Animals
federal gutidivene
DATE：
PBH：ALH：RCA：mac

Attached is a portion of some correspondence received from Senator Harrison Schmitt indicating that 15 mutilations of animals have occurred in Indian country in New Mexico in the past three years．For several years the Criminal Division has been aware of the phenomenon of animals being mutilated in a manner that could indicate that such acts are performed by persons as part of a ritual or ceremony．The report that some of the mutilations have occurred in Indian country is our first indication that federal law may have been violated．

It is requested that the Federal Bureau of Investigation conduct an appropriate investigation of the 15 mutilations and any others that occur in Indian country as a possible crime on an Indian reservation and furnish the results to the United States Attorney and to the Criminal Division，attention：Roger C．Adams， General Crimes Section．Mr．Adams has additional infor－ mation which may be of assistance to the FBI concerning previous cattle mutilations over which there was no Federal jurisdiction．

Attachment


ENCLOSURE
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the type of tranquilizer and blood anti-coagulant that have been utilized.

Officer VALDEZ stated that Colorado probably has the most mutilations occurring within their State and that over the past four years approximately 30 have occurred in New Mexico. He stated of these 30 , 15 have occurred on Indian Reservations but he did know that many mutilations have gone unreported which have occurred on the Indian reservations because the Indians, particularly in the fueblos, are extremely superstitious and will not even allow officers in to investigate in some instances. Officer VALDEZ stated since the outset of these mutilations there have been an estimated 8,000 animals mutilated which would place the $108 s$ at approximately. $\$ 1,000,000$.
R. E. THOMPSON, United States Attomey, advised that he had received an urgent call from the head of the Criminal Division, Department of Justice, advising him that he would be contacted by Senator HARRISON SCHMITT of New Mexico, who had been in contact with Attorney General GRIFFIN BELL in an effort to obtain Federal assistame in seeking to solve these cattle mutilations.

Bureau telephone call of 2/13/79 advised that a letter was forthcoming from the Department to the Bureau requesting our assistance in the investigation based on the fact that 15 of these animals had been mutilated on Indian reservation land.

On 2/15/79 Senator HARRISON SCHMITT, USA R. E. THOMPSON, SA SAMUEL W. JONES and myself met, to discuss this matter. It was ereed that a conference should be held in April of this year in Albuquerque involving New Mexico and the surrounding States who have suffered cattle mutilation cases in an effort to fully discuss this matter to determine what has been developed to date and to recommend further steps to be taken to solve this ongoing problem. The role of the FBI was discussed but was not established since it was not resolved whether the FBI would act in a coordinating capacity, an investigating capacity or both. It was decided however, that it would be most beneficial if all this available information could be placed in a computer bank so that appropriate printouts could be made and an aha;ysis made in en effort to determine a trend or pattern of these mutilations.

It is obvious if mutilations are to be solved there is a need for a coordinated effort so that all material available can be gathered and analyzed and further efforts synchronized. Whether the FBI should assume this role is matter to be


## AQ

decided. If we are merely to investigate and direct our efforts toward the 15 mutilated cattle on the Indian reservation we, I believe, will be in the same position as the other law enforcement agencies at this time and would be seeking to achieve an almost impossible task. It is my belief that if we are to participate in any manner that we should do so fully, although this office and the USA's office are at a loss to determine what stute our investigative jurisdiction would be in this matter. If we are to act solely as a coordinator or in any other official capacity the sooner we can place this information in the computer bank, the better off we would be and in this regard it would be my recomendation that an expert in the computer field at the Bureau travel to Albuquerque in the very near future so that we can determine what type of information will be needed so that when the invitation for the April conference is submitted from Senator SCHMITT's Office that the surrounding States will be aware of the information that is needed to place in the computer. It should be noted that Senator SCHMITT's Office is coordinating the April conference and will submit the appropriate invitations and with the cooperation of the USA, Mr. THOMPSON, will chair this conference. The FBI will act only as a participant.

Since this has not been investigated by the FBI in any manner we have no theories whatsoever as to why or what is responsible for these cattle mutilations. Officer GABE VALDEZ is very adamant in his opinion that these mutilations are the work of the U. S. Government and that it is some clandestine operation either by the CIA or the Department of Energy and in all probability is connected with some type of research into biological warfare. His main reason for these beliefs is that he feels that he was given the "run around" by Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory and they are attempting to cover up this situation. There are also theories that these are cults (religious) or some type of Indian rituals resulting in these mutilations and the wildest theory advanced is that they. have some connection with unidentified fiyingobjects.

If we are to assume an investigative posture into this area, the matter of manpower, of course; becomes a consideration and $\dot{I}$ an umable to determine at this time the amount of manpower that would be needed to give this our full attention so that a rapid conclusion could be reached.

The Bureau is requested to furnish its comments and guidance on this whole situation including, if desired, the Legal Counsel's assessment of jurisdictional question. An early response would be needed however, 80 that we might properly, if requested to do 80 , obtain the data bank information. If it appears that we are going to become

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AQ
involved in this matter, it is obvious that there would be a large amount of correspondence necessary and Albuquerque would suggest a code name be established of BOVMUT.
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to: SAC, Albuquerque
I-J.E. Smith
Homs DIrector. FBI
THE NOTATIONS O
15 ANIMALS:
CIR
00: Albuquerque

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ReAQairtel, 2/16/79.
Enclosed for the Albuquerque Division is one copy of 2 memorandum from the Department of Justice (DOJ) dated March 2, 1979, and attachments.

In accordance with enclosed memorandum, the Albuquerque Division is instructed to conduct an appropriate investigation into the 15 mutilations of animals which were performed on Indian reservations within the state of New Mexico. After the Albuquerque Division conducts a preliminary Investigation into these mutilations and it is believed that placing information into a computer bani k wii be of investgative assistance, at that time the request for same shouza be submitted with full justification. FBIYQ, upon receipt D of additional information from Dos, will forward same.

FBIHQ should be kept apprised on a timely basis the results of investigative efforts.

Enclosure t - 3


SEE NOTE, PAGE 2



AQ 198-541

mutilations occurring on Indian lands, but that its investigation was limited to these mutiliations. CIDDIO said he would insure that Senator SCHMITT was apprised of this limitation. This information was given to Mr. CIDDIO on 4/9/79.

During the conference, FORREST S. PUTMAN, Albuquerque FBI, explained that the FBI's jurisdiction extended to mutilation occurring on Indian lands. He said, however, that the FBI in conducting its investigation of these mutilations would take into account mutilations occurring elsewhere.which showed a similar MO.

The jurisdictional problems of all law enforcement officials investigating mutilations were discussed during an afternoon session of the conference attended only by law enforcement officials. It was pointed out that in most cases, the mutilations amounted to misdemeanor violations and were not
 conference that the FBI might have jurisdiction to investigate mutilations because of violations of state laws on Indian lands, the question arose whether this would be a felony or a misdemeanor violation. Under New Mexico State Law, the mere mutiliation of a dead animal would be simply a misdemeanor violation: Investigation of these matters would not be in keeping with the FBI's current efforts to concentrate on priority matters.

The Albuquerque FBI recommends that FBIHQ point out to the Justice Department that if the FBI is asked to conduct investigation into cattle mutilations of which the FBI has no jurisdiction, we will be opening ourselves to criticism similar to criticism we have received in the past for investigating matters wherein we have had no jurisdiction. It would seem appropriate that if $F B I$ participation in investigation of cattle mutilations is desired by the Justice Department, effort should be made to secure Congressional approval or an Executive Order through which the appropriate funds could be authorized and proper jurisdiction granted to the FBI.

Under these conditions, the FBI could approach this matter without expectation of undue criticism and with the anticipation that the proper resources could be utilized to conduct an effective investigation.



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AQ 198-541

State Police, and the granting of the LEAA funds. The Albuquerque FBI does not recomend that the FBI be the coordinating unit unless the FBI is given full jurisdiction to look into all mutiliations by either Congress or Executive Order.

An article appeared in the "Albuquerque Journal" on Wednesday, 4/25/79, captioned "Santa Fe DA to Coordinate Cattle Mutilation Probe". The article states the Santa Fe District Attorney's Office was awarded $\$ 44,170$ in grant money to coordinate investigations of cattle mutilations. This award was made on Tuesday, 4/24/79: According to the article, the grant application received the backing of U.S. Attorney R.E. THOMPSON and the FBI.

The Albuquerque office of the FBI recommends that the investigative unit to be set up with the grant money be designated as the coordinator for cattle mutilation investigations. The Albuquerque Office would maintain a liaison with the investigative unit and cooperate with it in exchanging data and restrict its investigations to those cattle mutilations which might occur on Indian lands in the future.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 

## federal bureau of investigation

Albuquerque, New Mexico

April 25, 1979

## CATTLE MUTILATIONS

On April 20, 1979, a conference was held at the Albuquerque Public Library at Albuquerque, New Mexico. This conference was chaired by Senator HARRISON SCHMITT, Republican; New Mexico, and United States Attorney R.E. THOMPSON of Albuquerque. The conference convened at 9:00 a.m. The morning session was attended by representatives from various law enforcement agencies, news media representatives, and the general public. Approximately 180 persons attended the conference during the morning session. This session lasted until approximately 12:00 noon.

Senator SCHMITT opened the conference by explaining its purpose. He said, "This hearing is to define the scope of the problem and the basis for federal assistance and to examine how the FBI might be involved." U.S. Attorney R.E. THOMPSON explained to those attending the conference that federal jurisdiction for investigations conducted by the FBI is limited to those areas approved by Congress. U.S. Attorney THOMPSON said there is a possible violation of a federal statute requiring that aircraft be appropriately marked and identified. He explained that this statute might possibly have been violated because of reports that the unidentified aircraft have been observed in the area of cattle mutilations.

Senator SCHMITT explained that his staff and others have searched the federal statutes and have concluded there is possible federal jurisdiction under Title 18, U.S. Code, Sections 7 and 13, having to do with violations of state law on Indian or federal lands. Senator SCHMITT expressed his hope that the FBI could conduct investigation into the cattle mutilations under these statutes. Senator SCHMITT stated to the conference that the FBI would coordinate the investigation. of cattle mutilations.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.


## CATTLE MUTILATIONS

FORREST S. PUTMAN, Special Agent in Charge (SAC), Albuquerque office of the FBI, explained to the conference that the Justice Department had given the FBI authority to investigate those cattle mutilations which have occurred or might occur on Indian lands. He further explained that the Albuquerque FBI would look at such mutilations in connection with mutilations occurring off Indian lands for the purpose of comparison and control, especially where the same methods of operation are noted. SAC PUTMAN said that in order for this matter to be resolved, the facts surrounding such mutilations should be gathered and computerized.

District Attorney ELOY MARTINEZ, Santa Fe, New Mexico, told the conference that his judicial district had made application for a $\$ 50,000$ Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (IEAA) Grant for the purpose of investigating the cattle mutilations. He explained that there is hope that with the funds from this grant, an investigative unit can be established for the sole purpose of resolving the mutilation problem. He said it is his view that such an investigative unit could serve as a headquarters for all law enforcement officials investigating the mutilations and, in particular, would serve as a repository for information developed in order that this information could be coordinated properly. He said such a unit would not only coordinate this information, but also handle submissions to a qualified lab for both evidence and photographs. Mr. MARTINEZ said a hearing will be held on April 24, 1979, for the purpose of determining whether this grant will be approved.

GABE VALDEZ, New Mexico State Police, Dulce, New Mexico, reported he has investigated the death of 90 cattle during the past three years, as well as six horses. Officer VALDEZ said he is convinced that the mutilations of the animals have not been the work of predators because of the precise manner of the cuts.

Officer VALDEZ said he had investigated mutilations of several animals which had occurred on the ranch of MANUEL GOMEZ of Dulse, New Mexico.

MANUEL GOMEZ addressed the conference and explained he had lost six animals to unexplained deaths which were found In a mutilated condition within the last two years. Further, GOMEZ said that he and his family are experiencing fear and mental anguish because of the mutilations.

## CATTLE MUTILATIONS

DAVID PERKINS, Director of the Department of Research at Libre School in Farasita, Colorado, exhibited a map of the United States which contained hundreds of colored pins identifying mutilation sites. He commented that he had been making a systematic collection of data since 1975, and has never met a greater challenge. He said, "The oniy thing that makes sense about the mutilations is that they make no sense at all."

TOM ADAMS of Paris Texas, who has been independently examining mutilations for six years, sald his investigation has shown that helicopters are almost always observed in the area of the mutiliations. He said that the helicopters do not have identifying markings and they fly at abnormal, unsafe, or illegal altitudes.

Dr. PETER VAN ARSDALE, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Department of Anthropology, University of Denver, suggested that those investigating the cattle mutilations take a systematic approach and look at all types of evidence is discounting any of the propounded theories such as responsibility by extraterrestri visitors or Satanic cults.

RICHARD SIGISMUND, Social Scientist, Boulder, Colorado, presented an argument which advanced the theory that the cattle mutilations are possibly related to activity of UFOs. Numerous other persons made similar type presentations expounding on their theories regarding the possibility that the mutilations are the responsibility of extraterrestrial visitors, members of Satanic cults; or some unknown government agency.

Dr. RICHARD PRINE, Forensic Veterinarian, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory (LASL), Los Alamos, New Mexico, discounted the possibility that the mutilations have been done by anything but predators. पe sald he had examined six carcasses and in his opinion predators were responsible for the mutiliation of all six.

Dr. CLAIRE HIBBS, a representative of the state Veterinary Diagnostic İaboratory, New pexico State Üniversīīy, Las Cruces, New Mexico, said he recently came to New Mexico, but that prior to that he examined some mutiliation findings in Kansas and Nebraska. Dr. HIBBS said the mutiliations fell into three categories: animals killed and mutilated by predators and scavengers, animals mutilated after death by "sharp instruments and animals mutilated by pranksters.


## CATTLE MUTILATIONS



TOMMY BLAND, Lewisville, Texas, told the conference he has been studying UFO activities for twenty-two years and mutilations for twelve years. He explained that animal mưíilaíions dace back to tine early is on's in England and Scotland. He also pointed out that animal mutilations are not confined to cattle, but cited incidents of mutilation of horses, dogs, sheep, and rabbits. He also said that the mutilations are not only nationwide, but international in scope.

Other speakers at the conference suggested ways of approaching an investigation into the mutilations, urging access to technological equipment and technologically trained individuals.

Chief RALEIGH TAFOYA, Jicarilla Apache Tribe, and WALTER DASHENO, Governor, Santa Clara Pueblo, each spoke briefly to the conference. Both spoke of the cattle which had been found mutilated on their respective Indian lands. Governor DASHENO said he is concerned as to the extent of the jurisdiction by investigating agencies into the matter and Chief TAFOYA said some of his people who have lost livestock have been threatened. He did not elaborate on these threats.

CARL W. WHITESIDE, Investigator, Colorado Bureau of Investigation, told the conference that between April and December, 1975, his Bureau investigated 203 reports of cattle mutilations. He said in addition his Bureau conducted an undercover investigation in an attempt to resolve the mutilation problem. He said during the investigation by his Bureau, numerous pieces of evidence were submitted to the Colorado State University Large Animal Hospital and all civilian and military helicopter flights were monitored during this probe. WHITESIDE said, "Sadly, most of these efforts produced no results." He said they were unable to place any unidentified vehicle in the air or on the ground near the carcasses that were found. He said his group submitted 35 carcasses to the laboratory for examination Only 19 of those submitted were deemed to be of recent enough vintage to make an examination and of those 19, nine were determined to be willful mutilations. He said of those nine, it was concluded that two were done by pranksters. whiteside said that his organization even set up a secret witness program with the cooperation of the "Denver Post", but this resulted in no information to assist in a solution to the matter.



[^0]:    COPIES: White, Firk, Golden-AGENCY -- YeUow -STATE AICRI

[^1]:    ** In response to your question about thether any of the mutilations have occuryed onfeceral iend officer Valdez informs se that tight sutilations were ciscovered on the Jicarille fpache geseryationg and seven on the santa Clara pueblo. There kete Eeen a totalot 65 cattle putilations, and six hotse Futilations, zeproted in fe: Nexico since le?5. Forty-five of the cattie mutilations anق four of the iozse eutilations occurres in 1978.

