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# Coz: Finding Code that Counts with Causal Profiling Charlie Curtsinger Emery D. Berger





A few months ago, in a valley not so far away...













#### Take a picture Add it to the database Send it to Ogle Ögle ШП found 8,000,000 similar images Find similar pictures Send results











#### **Software Profilers**



#### Number of calls to each function

ame

 timo	seconds	calle	r
	Seconds	calls	
 20.05	8.02	1	7
 9.56	3.82	1	
 19.95	7.98	1	• • • •
 45.19	11.31	1	C
 5.25	2.10	1	

cumulative

#### Runtime for each function —

#### **Software Profilers**

# These places where Bob shy utd focus on performance?

#### Frequently executed code

**Code that runs for a long time** 

%	cumulativ	e
time	seconds	са
20.05	8.02	1
9.56	3.82	1
19.95	7.98	1
45.19	11.31	1
5.25	2.10	1

#### Would this speed up Ogle?





loading...

## Would this speed up Ogle?

### Frequently executed code Code that runs for a long time

Profilers do a bad job finding important code in parallel programs.





### What would speed up Ogle?



#### What would this information look like?





## **Causal Profile**



# **Causal Profile**



#### Run an experiment

If we could magically speed up **Q**...



If we could magically speed up **Q**...



If we could magically speed up **Q**...



If we could magically speed up 🖪 ..



If we could magically speed up 🖪 ..



#### No program speedup

We're going to have to do this without magic.



We're going to have to do this without magic.



#### Otherwise we'd just do this.

"Speed up" 🛃 by slowing everything else down.



Each time 🛃 runs, pause all other threads.

"Speed up" 🛃 by slowing everything else down.



Each time 🖌 runs, pause all other threads.

"Speed up" 🛃 by slowing everything else down.



#### To account for the size of the delay...

"Speed up" 🗾 by slowing everything else down.



#### **Speedup Results**





### **Speedup Results**







"Speed up" 🗾 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 🛃 by slowing everything else down.



A larger speedup has no additional effect

### **Speedup Results**







#### **Speedup Results**


"Speed up" 📰 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 🔚 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 📰 by slowing everything else down.











"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.











"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.



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"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.











#### Speeding up 📕 slows the program down!





"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.



"Speed up" 📕 by slowing everything else down.





















# Is runtime meaningful?





How fast do results come back?



Many requests running for many users.



One progress point measures throughput.

If I speed up [?], how much faster do I run 🛃 ?





Bob wants to minimize response time. He adds *latency progress points*.



#### latency = transactions / throughput



Bob wants to minimize response time.

#### Coz: a Causal Profiler for Linux

#### > coz run --- ./ogle\_server deploy

### **Coz Produces Causal Profiles**

#### Let's use it to improve Ogle





## Using Causal Profiling on Ogle







# Ferret image comparison



#### Ferret



Line - line 320 - line 358 - line 255
#### Ferret



#### Ferret



#### Ferret



### What did Causal Profiling predict?



### Increased from 16 to 22 threads 27% increase in ranking throughput

### What did Causal Profiling predict?



#### Exactly what we observed

















# Dedup





# Dedup **Compression via deduplication** i = hash\_function( \_\_\_\_\_) I HAD FUN ONCE

![](_page_86_Figure_0.jpeg)

Hash table is accessed concurrently by many threads

![](_page_87_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### More hash buckets should lead to fewer collisions

![](_page_88_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### More hash buckets should lead to fewer collisions

![](_page_89_Picture_2.jpeg)

More hash buckets should lead to fewer collisions

#### No performance improvement

![](_page_90_Figure_3.jpeg)

# Dedup

**Compression via deduplication** 

#### What else could be causing collisions?

![](_page_91_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_92_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_93_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### What did Causal Profiling predict?

#### **Blocks per-bucket**

Before: 76.7

After: 2.09

#### 96% traversal speedup

9% predicted speedup, exactly what we observed

![](_page_94_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_95_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_96_Picture_0.jpeg)

# #if THREAD\_SAFE config\_t global\_config = {

# .unlock = pthread\_mutex\_unlock, .getsize = sqlite\_usable\_size,

.nextitem = sqlite\_pagecache\_next,

#### }; #endif

...

![](_page_97_Picture_0.jpeg)

void pthreadMutexLeave(lock\* l) {
 global\_config.unlock(l);

# Indirect Call

}

Cheap, but almost the same cost as pthread\_mutex\_unlock

```
te
               Simple SQL Database
                                 Coz highlights
void pthreadMutexLeave(lock* l) {these lines
  global_config.unlock(l);
}
void sqlite3MemSize(void* p) {
  global_config.getsize(p);
}
void pcache1Fetch(item* i) {
  global_config.nextitem(i);
}
```

![](_page_99_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_99_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_100_Picture_0.jpeg)

```
void pthreadMutexUnlock(lock* l) {
 global_config.unlock(l);
}
void sqlite3MemSize(void* p) {
  global_config.getsize(p);
}
void pcache1Fetch(item* i) {
 global_config.nextitem(i);
```

}

![](_page_101_Picture_0.jpeg)

```
void pthreadMutexUnlock(lock* l) {
  pthread_mutex_unlock(l);
}
void sqlite3MemSize(void* p) {
 sqlite_usable_size(p);
}
void pcache1Fetch(item* i) {
 sqlite_pagecache_next(i);
}
          25% Speedup
```

## What do other profilers say?

- % Runtime Symbol 85.55% \_raw\_spin\_lock 1.76% x86\_pmu\_enable\_all
  - ... 30 lines …
- 0.10% rcu\_irq\_enter
  0.09% sqlite3MemSize
- 0.09% source\_load

# Just 0.15% of total runtime

... 26 lines ...

0.03%

- 0.03% \_\_queue\_work
- 0.03% pcache1Fetch
- 0.03% kmem\_cache\_free
- 0.03% update\_cfs\_rq\_blocked\_load
  - pthreadMutexLeave
- 0.03% sqlite3MemMalloc

![](_page_102_Picture_13.jpeg)

#### Using Causal Profiling on Ogle speedup % runtime with Coz SQLite 25% 0.15% dedup 9% 14.38% compression (whole function) ferret 21% 0.00% image comparison

# Summary of Optimizations

Benchmark	Speedup	Diff Size	Change Summary	
memcached	9.39%	-6, +2	removed unnecessary locks	
sqlite	25.60%	-3, +3	removed DIY vtable implementation	
blackscholes	2.56%	-61, +4	manual common subexpression elimination	
dedup	8.95%	-3, +3	fixed degenerate hash function	
ferret	21.27%	-4, +4	rebalanced pipeline thread allocation	
fluidanimate	37.50%	-1, +0	removed custom barrier with high contention	
streamcluster	68.40%	-1, +0	removed custom barrier with high contention	
swaptions	15.80%	-10, +16	reordered loop nests	

%	cumulati	ve	
time	seconds	calls	name
20.05	8.02	1	<b>بلا</b>
9.56	3.82	1	
19.95	7.98	1	≣
45.19	11.31	1	Q
5.25	2.10	1	1

![](_page_105_Picture_1.jpeg)

% time 20.05 9.56 19.95 45.19 5.25	cumulative seconds 8.02 3.82 7.98 11.31 2.10	calls 1 1 1 1	name ★ E E E E E		• Ogle	
		ľ K				
	→		→	Q		

% time 20.05 9.56 19.95 45.19 5.25	cumulative seconds 8.02 3.82 7.98 11.31 2.10	calls name 1 ★ 1 ■ 1 ■ 1 Q 1 Q 1 ↓		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Ie With the second seco	
			Q			
## This is the profiler you are looking for. coz-profiler.org







### UMassAmherst

## This is the profiler you are looking for. coz-profiler.org







### UMassAmherst

#### Overhead of Coz



# Virtual Speedup Accuracy

Parallel compression program pbzip2



# Virtual Speedup Accuracy

Parallel compression program pbzip2



# Virtual Speedup Accuracy

Parallel compression program pbzip2

